- WAC 182-550-2561 The agency's prior authorization requirements for acute PM&R services. (1) The medicaid agency requires prior authorization for acute PM&R services. The acute PM&R provider of services must obtain prior authorization:
  - (a) Before admitting a client to the rehabilitation unit; and
- (b) For an extension of stay before the client's current authorized period of stay expires.
  - (2) For an initial admit:
  - (a) A client must:
- (i) Be eligible under one of the programs listed in WAC 182-550-2521, subject to the restrictions and limitations listed in that section;
- (ii) Require acute PM&R services as determined in WAC 182-550-2551;
- (iii) Be medically stable and show evidence of physical and cognitive readiness to participate in the rehabilitation program; and
- (iv) Be willing and capable to participate at least three hours per day, seven days per week, in acute PM&R activities.
  - (b) The acute PM&R provider of services must:
- (i) Submit a request for prior authorization to the agency's clinical consultation team by fax, electronic mail, or telephone as published in the agency's acute PM&R billing instructions; and
  - (ii) Include sufficient medical information to justify that:
- (A) Acute PM&R treatment would effectively enable the client to obtain a greater degree of self-care or independence;
- (B) The client's medical condition requires that intensive twenty-four-hour inpatient comprehensive acute PM&R services be provided in an agency-approved acute PM&R facility; and
- (C) The client suffers from severe disabilities including, but not limited to, neurological or cognitive deficits.
  - (3) For an extension of stav:
- (a) A client must meet the conditions listed in subsection (2)(a) of this section and have observable and significant improvement; and
  - (b) The acute PM&R provider of services must:
- (i) Submit a request for the extension of stay to the agency clinical consultation team by fax, electronic mail, or telephone as published in the agency's acute PM&R billing instructions; and
- (ii) Include sufficient medical information to justify the extension and include documentation that the client's condition has observably and significantly improved.
- (4) If the agency denies the request for an extension of stay, the client must be transferred to an appropriate lower level of care as described in WAC 182-550-2501(3).
- (5) The agency's clinical consultation team approves or denies authorization for acute PM&R services for initial stays or extensions of stay based on individual circumstances and the medical information received. The agency notifies the client and the acute PM&R provider of a decision.
- (a) If the agency approves the request for authorization, the notification letter includes:
  - (i) The number of days requested;
  - (ii) The allowed dates of service;
  - (iii) An agency-assigned authorization number;
  - (iv) Applicable limitations to the authorized services; and
  - (v) The agency's process to request additional services.
- (b) If the agency denies the request for authorization, the notification letter includes:

- (i) The number of days requested;
- (ii) The reason for the denial;
- (iii) Alternative services available for the client; and
- (iv) The client's right to request a fair hearing. (See subsection (7) of this section.)
- (6) A hospital or other facility intending to transfer a client to an agency-approved acute PM&R hospital or an agency-approved acute PM&R hospital requesting an extension of stay for a client must:
- (a) Discuss the agency's authorization decision with the client or the client's legal representative; and
- (b) Document in the client's medical record that the agency's decision was discussed with the client or the client's legal representative.
- (7) A client who does not agree with a decision regarding acute PM&R services has a right to a fair hearing under chapter 182-526 WAC. After receiving a request for a fair hearing, the agency may request additional information from the client and the facility, or both. After the agency reviews the available information, the result may be:
  - (a) A reversal of the initial agency decision;
  - (b) Resolution of the client's issue(s); or
  - (c) A fair hearing conducted per chapter 182-526 WAC.
- (8) The agency may authorize administrative days for a client who:
- (a) Does not meet requirements described in subsection (3) of this section; or
  - (b) Is waiting for a discharge destination or a discharge plan.
- (9) The agency does not authorize acute PM&R services for a client who:
  - (a) Is deconditioned by a medical illness or by surgery; or
- (b) Has loss of function primarily as a result of a psychiatric condition; or
- (c) Has had a recent surgery and has no complicating neurological deficits. Examples of surgeries that do not qualify a client for inpatient acute PM&R services without extenuating circumstances are:
  - (i) Single amputation;
  - (ii) Single extremity surgery; and
  - (iii) Spine surgery.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 41.05.021 and 41.05.160. WSR 15-18-065, § 182-550-2561, filed 8/27/15, effective 9/27/15. WSR 11-14-075, recodified as § 182-550-2561, filed 6/30/11, effective 7/1/11. Statutory Authority: RCW 74.08.090 and 74.09.500. WSR 07-12-039, § 388-550-2561, filed 5/30/07, effective 8/1/07. Statutory Authority: RCW 74.08.090, 74.09.520 and 42 C.F.R. 482.56. WSR 03-06-047, § 388-550-2561, filed 2/28/03, effective 3/31/03. Statutory Authority: RCW 74.08.090 and 74.09.520. WSR 99-17-111, § 388-550-2561, filed 8/18/99, effective 9/18/99.]